		Year 9 curriculum	<u>map</u>		
	Autumn Term				
Y9	Topic Title: Number Big Question: How do I use the four operations with Integers? How do I use powers and roots? What is standard form? Why and how do we use standard form?	Topic Title: Number Big Question: How do I use different types of numbers in problems? How do I follow order of operations for combined arithmetic operations?	Topic Title: Algebra Big Question: What are algebraic expressions?	Topic Title:AlgebraBig Question:How do I use inverseoperations to solve algebraicequations?How do I use inverseoperations to solve algebraicinequalities?	
Links to NC	Use the four operations, including formal written methods, applied to integers, decimals, for all both positive and negative integers calculate with roots, and with integer {and fractional} indices interpret and compare numbers in standard form A x 10 <sup>n</sup> 1≤A	Use the concepts and vocabulary of prime numbers, factors (or divisors), multiples, common factors, common multiples, highest common factor, lowest common multiple, prime factorisation, including using product notation and the unique factorisation property. Order of operations	Understand and use the concepts and vocabulary of expressions, equations, inequalities, terms and factors, simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions to maintain equivalence by:	Use algebraic methods to solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable (including all forms that require rearrangement)	
Assessments	CFU Four operations and standard form	CFU HCF/LCM/PPF and order of operations.	CFU Algebraic expressions and formulae	CFU linear equations and inequalities.	

		Year 9 curriculum	map	
	Autumn Term			
	Topic Title:	Topic Title:	Topic Title:	Topic Title:
	Shape space and measure	Number	Probability	Shape space and measure
	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:
	What are the correct conventions,	How do I use the four operations with	What are basic probability and probability	What are the correct
	notation and terms?	fractions?	experiments?	conventions, notation and
	How do I apply angle facts to a variety of	How do I express simple fractions as	What are combined events and probability diagrams?	terms?
	problems?	decimals and vice versa?		What are three-dimensional
	What are the properties of polygons?	How do I use four operations with		shapes?
		decimal?		
Links to NC	Apply the properties of angles at a point,	Use the four operations, including	Record, describe and analyse the frequency of	Know and use the terms for
	angles at a point on a straight line,	formal written methods, applied to	outcomes of simple probability experiments involving	2D and 3D shapes: Know
	vertically	decimals, proper and improper	randomness, fairness, equally and unequally likely	and use the terms face,
	opposite angles	fractions, and mixed numbers, all both	outcomes, using appropriate language and the 0-1	surface, edge, vertex and
	understand and use the relationship	positive and negative.	probability scale, understand that the probabilities of	planes. Recognise and know
	between parallel lines and alternate and		all possible outcomes sum to 1, enumerate sets and	the properties of the cube,
	corresponding angles		unions/intersections of sets systematically, using	cuboid, prism, cylinder,
	derive and use the sum of angles in a		tables, grids and Venn diagrams, generate theoretical	pyramid, cone and sphere.
	triangle and use it to deduce the angle		sample spaces for single and combined events with	
	sum in		equally likely, mutually exclusive outcomes and use	
	any polygon, and to derive properties of		these to calculate theoretical probabilities.	
	regular polygons			
Assessments	CFU Geometric conventions and angle	CFU Four operations with fractions and	CFU Probability.	CFU 2D and 3D shapes. End
	problems in a variety of context.	decimals		of term assessment covering previous topics.

	Spring Term				
Y9	Topic Title: Algebra Big Question: What is the language of functions? How do I recognise, use and manipulate algebraic formulae? What are the different types of sequences?	Topic Title: Number Big Question: How do I use place value to help me round numbers? How do I approximate and estimate accurately?	Topic Title: Algebra Big Question: How do I use a graph to solve algebraic equations?	Topic Title: Algebra Big Question: How do I recognise straight line graphs?	
Links to NC	Where appropriate, interpret simple expressions as functions with inputs and outputs; {interpret the reverse process as the 'inverse function'; interpret the succession of two functions as a 'composite function'} recognise and use sequences of triangular, square and cube numbers, simple arithmetic progressions, Fibonacci type sequences, quadratic sequences, and simple geometric progressions (r n where n is an integer, and r is a positive rational number {or a surd}) {and other sequences} 2 deduce expressions to calculate the nth term	Use approximation through rounding to estimate answers by rounding numbers and measures to an appropriate degree of accuracy [for example, to a number of decimal places or significant figures]	Reduce a given linear equation in two variables to the standard form y = mx + c; calculate.	Interpret gradients and intercepts of graphs of such linear equations numerically, graphically and algebraically	
Assessments	CFU Functions, formulae and sequences.	CFU Rounding and approximation.	CFU Linear graphs	CFU Calculating gradients.	

	Spring Term				
	Topic Title: Number <mark>Big Question:</mark> How do I link fractions with ratio?	Topic Title: Shape space and measures Big Question: What is the cartesian plane? What are plane isometric	Topic Title: Number Big Question: How do I use percentages in a wide range of problems?	Topic Title: Shape space and measures Big Question: What are the properties of polygons?	
Links to NC	Use ratio notation, including reduction to simplest form divide a given quantity into two parts in a given part:part or part:whole ratio; express the division of a quantity into two parts as a ratio understand that a multiplicative relationship between two quantities can be expressed as a ratio or a fraction.	transformations? What is similarity? Identify properties of, and describe the results of, translations, rotations enlargements and reflections applied to given figures.	How do I link discrete growth and decay in real life context? Define percentage as 'number of parts per hundred', interpret percentages and percentage changes as a fraction or a decimal, interpret these multiplicatively, express one quantity as a percentage of another, compare two quantities using percentages, and work with percentages greater than 100%. Set up, solve and interpret the answers in growth and decay problems, including compound interest.	How do I apply angle facts to a variety of problems? Derive and use the sum of angles in a triangle and use it to deduce the angle sum in any polygon, and to derive properties of regular polygons.	
Assessments	CFU Ratio, total amount, given one part, difference.	CFU Translations, reflections, rotations and enlargements.	CFU Percentage of amounts with calculators and without. Compound interest and decay.	CFU Angles in polygons. End of term assessment on previously covered topics.	

	Summer Term			
Y9	Topic Title: Shape, space and measure Big Question: How do I convert between different units and measurement? How do I use the formulae for perimeter, area, and volume?	Topic Title: Number/Algebra Big Question: What is direct and inverse proportion?	Topic Title: Shape, space and measure Big Question: What is congruence? What is similarity?	Topic Title: Shape, space and measure Big Question: How do I use units and measurement for compound measurements?
Links to NC	Derive and apply formulae to calculate and solve problems involving perimeter and area of triangles, parallelograms, trapezia. Including surface area.	Solve problems involving direct and inverse proportion, including graphical and algebraic representations	Apply the concepts of congruence and similarity, including the relationships between lengths, {areas and volumes} in similar figures	Use compound units such as speed, unit pricing and density to solve problems.
Assessments	CFU Area, volume and perimeter	CFU Direct and inverse proportion	CFU Congruence and similarity.	CFU Speed, distance and time. Density, mass and volume.

Summer Term					
	Topic Title:	Topic Title:	Topic Title:	Topic Title:	
	Shape, space and measure	Shape, space and measure	Statistics	Shape, space and measure	
	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:	Big Question:	
	What is triangle mensuration?	How do I define a circles and its	How do I interpret and represent data?	How do I use bearings and Scale Diagrams?	
		parts?	How do I calculate and measure of central	What are the correct conventions, notation	
		How do I use the formulae for	tendency?	and terms for geometry?	
		perimeter, area, and volume?	How do I analyse data?		
Links to NC	Use Pythagoras' Theorem and	Calculate and solve problems	Construct and interpret appropriate tables,	Interpret and use bearings and use scale	
	trigonometric ratios in similar	involving perimeters of 2-D shapes	charts, and diagrams, including frequency	factors, scale diagrams and maps.	
	triangles to solve problems	(including circles), areas of circles	tables, bar charts, pie charts, and pictograms	Construct triangles, bisectors and	
	involving right-angled triangles	and composite shapes,	for categorical data, and vertical line (or bar)	perpendicular bisectors.	
		Calculate volume of cuboids	charts for ungrouped and grouped numerical		
		(including cubes) and other prisms	data, describe, interpret and compare		
		(including cylinders)	observed distributions of a single variable		
		Calculate surface area of 3-D	through: appropriate graphical representation		
		shapes.	involving discrete, continuous and grouped		
			data; and appropriate measures of central		
			tendency (mean, mode, median) and spread		
			(range, consideration of outliers)		
Assessments	CFU Pythagoras' theorem.	CFU Applying formulae to 2D and	CFU Representing data, calculating measures	CFU, Scale drawings and bearings. End of year	
		3D shapes.	of central tendency.	assessments, two papers, one calculator and one non calculator.	